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**Judicial Ticket.**

For Associate Justice of Supreme Court—  
**DAVID TAYLOR**, of Fond du Lac.  
**HARLOW S. ORTON**, of Dane.

**Republican City Ticket.**

For Mayor—**PLINY NORCROSS**.  
 For City Clerk—**E. L. DIMOCK**.  
 For City Treasurer—**J. M. HASELTON**.  
 For City Attorney—**Ed. F. CARPENTER**.  
 For Police Justice—**L. E. PATTEN**.  
 For Justice of the Peace—**M. M. PHELPS**.  
 For Sealer of Weights and Measures—  
**HERMAN KNOFF**.

**Ward Tickets.**

**FIRST WARD.**  
 For Alderman—**JAMES CLARK**.  
 For Supervisor—**J. C. METCALF**.  
 For Constable—**JOHN H. TAYLOR**.  
**SECOND WARD.**  
 For Alderman—**W. T. YANKER**.  
 For Supervisor—**OSCAR F. NORLAN**.  
 For School Commissioner—  
**S. CLARK BURNHAM**.  
 For Constable—**J. J. COMSTOCK**.  
**THIRD WARD.**  
 For Alderman—**D. E. FIFIELD**.  
 For Supervisor—**B. E. ELDREDGE**.  
 For Constable—**A. W. PARKER**.  
**FOURTH WARD.**  
 For Alderman—**VOLNEY ATWOOD**.  
 For Supervisor—**L. B. CARLE**.  
 For School Commissioner—  
**STANLEY B. SMITH**.  
 For Constable—**J. F. DRAKE**.  
**FIFTH WARD.**  
 For Alderman—**G. A. LIBREY**.  
 For Supervisor—**J. B. CARLE**.  
 For Constable—**N. E. BENNETT**.

**SOMETHING THAT TAXPAYERS SHOULD UNDERSTAND.**

Every tax-payer whether he be Republican or Democrat should vote for the most trustworthy man for positions in the Common Council. If a man has been tried and is found wanting in integrity or backbone, the people should not support him for office, and more especially not for alderman, a position which gives him power to vote away the people's money as he sees fit. As an illustration of this, look at the action of the Common Council in January last, in regard to the claim presented by Dr. Robinson for \$150. There was no reason under the sun why this bill should have passed. Yet seven of the aldermen out of ten, voted to unlawfully take that much money out of the treasury.

The bill having been passed the money would have been paid had it not been for the firmness of Mayor Norcross. He refused to sign the order, knowing that it was a Tammany-like scheme, and thus saved to the city the sum of \$150. The Council Judiciary Committee, the City Attorney, Mr. Carpenter, and the person who drafted the charter, pronounced the claim unjust and illegal.

In the face of these facts, seven aldermen voted to pay the bill. And what have the Democrats done. In the first and the third wards they have virtually countenanced this attempt to unlawfully take \$150 from the treasury, by running these aldermen for another term! In the third he has not yet been nominated, but he thinks he owns the office, must have it, and will run, and will be supported by the Democrats. How any man, no matter what his politics is, can support such a policy as this, is surprisingly strange. The friends of Tammany began in precisely the same way as these aldermen undertook to draw from the treasury the \$150. Give the people an honest Council, and their interests are safe.

**T. O. HOWE AND CARL SCHURZ.**

Any one who has paid any attention to Senator Howe's speech will be puzzled to perceive the justice of his venomous attack on Secretary Schurz. Howe started out to explode his bile on the President and his policy, but before he closes he single, out Schurz from the Cabinet, and makes him a prominent target. Howe, of course, is jealous of Schurz, and the latter being placed in the Cabinet very much annoyed the Wisconsin Senator. No doubt Howe was encouraged to make the attack on the Secretary of the Interior, in consequence of his action toward the timber thieves in Montana. But whatever Howe or Blaine may say of the Secretary's timber policy, the country will applaud what he has done to bring thieves to justice and to check the devastation of our forests in the Territories. There are but few in the Republican party who endorsed the conduct of Schurz during the campaign of 1872, but Republicans will give him credit for his great services in behalf of the Union and the party during the struggle of 1860, 1864, 1868, and 1876, when the Wisconsin Senator was comparatively silent.

But let us see what Secretary Schurz is doing in the Territories for which he is being abused by Howe and Blaine. Several days ago we explained the timber business, and the cause of the hue and cry by the friends of the timber thieves in Congress. Senators have attacked him for what he has not done. He has been arraigned for persecuting settlers and miners who wanted a little wood for their stores and mines,

when he has done no such a thing. Not a settler or a miner has been touched except where they have cut timber under the cover of fraudulent pre-emption or homestead claims. The Secretary says when the speculators have obtained from \$5 to \$8 per cord for stolen wood, and from \$20 to \$60 per thousand for manufactured lumber which they have stealthily taken from the public lands, they can well afford to pay the Government at least a small part of their profits, as people in other parts of the country have done.

The speculators who have been robbing Government lands for sometime, have done much to depopulate the Territories. If they are allowed to go on with these depredations, the Territories will soon be stripped of their forests, and the mountains will remain bare forever, and of course will be worthless. In this way the Territories will become in part depopulated, and the land rendered worthless.

But the operations of the Interior Department have applied but in a limited extent to the Territories. The principal fields of operations being Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Florida, Louisiana and Mississippi, in which Mr. Schurz has done excellent service in protecting the interests of the government.

For Supervisors the Republicans have made first class nominations. There is no better man in the city for that position than Mr. J. C. Metcalf, of the first. He always serves the city well no matter in what official position he is placed. Mr. Nowlan, of the second, has been on the county board two years, and has rendered the city good service, and will be re-elected. In the third, the admirable choice of Hon. B. E. Eldredge was made. He has been identified with municipal and county matters more or less for years, and is efficient and faithful. Mr. L. B. Carle will also be returned to the county board from the fourth ward. A more energetic, reliable member could not be placed in that position. The fifth ward puts up the name of J. B. Carle, who would serve his constituents with credit and zeal. The Republicans should see to it that these nominees are elected.

The Republicans have brought forward S. Clark Burnham, of the second ward, and Stanley B. Smith, of the fourth, for School Commissioners. Mr. Burnham has already served with credit for two years and will be re-elected. Mr. Smith is a young man of excellent education, thoroughly understands our school system, is an energetic worker in the cause of education, and will make a valuable member of the school board. His election will be an honor to the fourth ward, and a great benefit to the public schools of our city.

A report has been put in circulation which is intended to injure Mr. Patten among Republicans. Some one has started the report that he is not a Republican, and therefore intimating that he should not have been nominated by the Republican Convention. So far as politics is concerned, Mr. Patten has been a Republican for years and never has affiliated with any other party. More than that, he has made a good police justice, and should be re-elected.

There is a general desire in the city to change the personnel of the Council. It badly needs a change, and the Republicans are taking aggressive measures to make that branch of the city government better than it has been for years. Let the more moderate Democrats, who believe in an honest and efficient council aid the Republicans in this good work.

The vigorous attempt on the part of the Republicans to purge the Common Council and make it stronger and better, is awakening considerable enthusiasm in this city, and will result in a victory. All in favor of a good government and an economical administration, should take hold and work for that object next Tuesday.

There are several aldermen in this city who assume to dictate their own nominations. They imagine they run the office and have life lease thereof. It is the duty of the people, irrespective of party, to enlighten these baronies next Tuesday by telling them their services are not wanted any more.

The Democratic candidates for aldermen in the first and the third wards, believe in the principle that the man should seek the office, and not the office the man. Each have held it four years, and now they are begging for another term.

Says the Evening Wisconsin—Senator Howe has afforded a seat for nearly every journal in the land, and the journals don't seem to be particular how hard they sit down, either. Timothy looks very much "squeezed."

Mr. Herman Knoff, for Sealer of Weights and Measures, was good nomination for the Republicans to make. He has filled that office two terms and has given entire satisfaction.

The Eastern question is becoming interesting. Wheat is advancing and grain dealers are smiling.

**THE GALLOWES.**

To the Editor.  
 I saw it stated in the Gazette, of some weeks ago, that a bill for the restoration of the death penalty, in Wisconsin, was voted down in the legislative body. I had not then heard of the introduction of such a bill, and have neither heard or seen anything on the subject since, except this brief mention of its defeat. I am not aware that the question of repealing our existing law

relating to the crime of murder was agitated at all in the newspapers of the State pending the election of members last fall; and why so grave a measure as the restoration of the gallows should be brought forward in this almost secret manner, is something about which an intelligent public has the fullest right to know. I have not seen the text of the bill, nor have I received information from any source concerning its provisions. I suppose, however, that the bill in question is No. 181, Senate Journal, page 212, introduced by Senator Wing, entitled, "A bill to amend Section 2 of chapter 164, of the revised statutes entitled of offences against the lives and persons of individuals." It was referred to the Committee on Judiciary, Senator Wing, chairman. This committee reported the bill back, page 350, with a "recommendation that they do pass"—the word "they," I suppose, meaning the bill. Thereafter, page 430, the bill was brought to a vote, and negatived. On the next day, page 429, the vote killing the bill was reconsidered. It was again brought up for passage, page 46, and defeated.

Now I would like to know whether there is any good reason for disturbing our present law. With the history of the repeal of the death penalty in this State I am familiar; and I am therefore fully prepared to say that the law of blood for blood was set aside because of its inefficiency, and the law of life imprisonment for the crime of murder enacted in its stead. I have taken tolerable close observation regarding the crime of murder, and its punishment in Wisconsin, and I affirm that our present law is a far better protection to society than the old law of the gallows. My strong reasons for this affirmation I need not state here. It devolves upon those who would restore the code of blood to show clearly, and from facts that will bear the closest scrutiny, that the crime of murder is on the increase in Wisconsin because of the absence of the gallows. I want no man's assertions, no loose statements, no jumping at conclusions, but facts. Give me "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth." Who will do it? Respectfully,  
 G. W. LAWRENCE.

Janesville, March 29, 1878.

It is next thing to an impossibility to give the facts which Mr. Lawrence calls for. It will be a difficult matter to prove that the crime of murder is on the increase in Wisconsin because of the absence of capital punishment, or that it is not on the increase. To gather statistics of that character, to support one side or another, is absolutely impossible, so that any statements we may see floating about in the papers may be considered speculations merely. In Wisconsin, as in other States, crime has increased proportionately with population, but whether murder has increased or decreased in proportion to population since hanging was abolished in this State more than twenty-five years ago, is very difficult to ascertain with any degree of certainty. Our prison statistics furnish us no useful information on this point. We may state, however, that in Wisconsin, the crime of murder in the first degree is certainly less frequent than in some States of about the same population. In North Carolina, for instance, there were in 1877, four murders to one in Wisconsin, for which five were hanged, and many other sentenced to State prison. In this State only two were convicted of murder in the first degree and two were sentenced for life. Several, however, have been acquitted on that popular ground of insanity, like Wisinger, cleared at Baraboo on Wednesday, but who committed a cold blooded murder at La Crosse in 1876.

**STATE TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.**

The annual examination of candidates for State teachers' certificates will be held, as provided by law, at Madison, beginning Tuesday, August 13th, 1878, at 9 o'clock a. m. The board of examiners consists of Prof. Albert Salisbury, of Whitewater, Prof. Stephen H. Carpenter, of Madison, and Prof. George W. Peckham, of Milwaukee.

Applicants for certificates will be examined in the following branches of study:

1. For an unlimited State certificate, the branches now required for the first grade county certificate, with the addition of English literature, and the rudiments of botany, geology, political economy, general history, and mental philosophy. This certificate will be issued only to those who furnish satisfactory evidence of successful teaching for at least nine terms.
2. For a limited (five years) State certificate, the branches now required for the county certificate, with the addition of English literature and the rudiments of mental philosophy. This certificate will be issued only to those who furnish satisfactory evidence of successful teaching for at least three terms.

Applicants who fail in any of the branches required for either of the above certificates, may present themselves for re-examination in such branches within one year. A re-examination in those in which they are successful will not be required. Candidates who last year failed in any of the branches, or did not complete their examination for either certificate, are earnestly solicited to be present with the new applicants this year.

All stationery needed will be furnished by the examiners.

ORDER OF EXAMINATION.  
 Tuesday, August 13th—Civil States History, Arithmetic, Geography, Civil Government, and Oral Exercises.  
 Wednesday, August 14th—Algebra, Physiology, Reading, English Grammar with Analysis, Penmanship, and Oral Exercises.  
 Thursday, August 15th—Geometry, Natural Philosophy, Orthography, and Orthography, English Literature, Theory of Teaching and Oral Exercises.  
 Friday, August 16th—Mental Philosophy, General History, Geology, Political Economy, Botany, and Oral Exercises.  
 There will be three sessions daily:—9 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.; 2 to 5:30 p. m.; 7:30 to 9:30 p. m.  
 Sup'r of Public Instruction.

**THE NEWS.**

**A First Class Back Down or Fight.**

The English Refuse to Withdraw their Fleet from the Sea of Marmora.

And the Indications are that England and Russia will Fight.

Another One of the Kemper County Victims Receives an Office.

The Shipments of Specie to Europe and Purchase of United States Bonds.

A New Proposition in Relation to Presidential Elections.

Execution of Samuel Goodwin at Live Oak, Florida.

Some Very Interesting Wisconsin News Items.

**THE SITUATION.**

New Comes War or a First Class Back Down—The English Refuse to Withdraw their Fleet—Changes in the English Cabinet.

LONDON, March 30.—The Pall Mall Gazette of yesterday (Friday) afternoon printed an article entitled "The New Turn of Events," in which, after reviewing Lord Derby's resignation, it says: "We fear that it must be assumed that diplomacy has said its best word. England and Russia are too definitely committed to the positions, respectively assumed to allow any withdrawal. The difference is so essentially one of principle, that it is impossible for any third power to suggest an acceptable compromise."

The advance of the Russian troops to the Bosphorus and to Gallipoli may be immediately expected." These words gain great significance when it is remembered that the Pall Mall Gazette is the property of the Rt. Hon. W. H. Smith, First Lord of the Admiralty.

LONDON, March 30, 1878.—A special from Constantinople, March 27, via Syria, says: "General Melnikoff has addressed a note to the Porte demanding the withdrawal of the British fleet from the neighborhood of Constantinople. Salvat Pasha communicated the note to Minister Layard who in accordance with instructions of the British Government, replied that the fleet would remain until after the departure of the Russians from the environs of Constantinople. The Porte handed the reply to General Melnikoff without remark."

The morning papers announce in semi-official form that they have reason to believe that the Marquis of Salisbury will succeed Lord Derby as Secretary of State and Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, March 30.—A rumor was current in London last night that the Right Hon. Gathorne Hardy, Secretary of State for War, will be raised to the peerage, and succeed the Marquis of Salisbury as Secretary of State for India. Colonel Stanley, now Under Secretary of War, will succeed Hardy.

**SECRETARY MCCRARY.**

Secretary McCrary's Good-Heartedness—Another Kemper County Victim Provided With an Office.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Secretary McCrary has done many things to redeem the administration, and now another is reported from him. Some weeks since he saw a newspaper paragraph which stated that the wife of Gilmer, who was killed, with Judge Chisholm, in the Kemper county massacre last year, was in destitute circumstances, and living upon the charity of the town in which she lives. McCrary investigated this statement, and finding it true, and that Mrs. Gilmer was a lady of education and refinement, tendered her a clerkship in the War Department without her application. Mrs. Gilmer will be greatly surprised when she receives her appointment, which has been sent her. Some time since McCrary appointed a son of Mrs. Chisholm as messenger in the War Department.

**THE FINANCES.**

Probable Effect of the New York Tariff Bill—A Statement from the Bureau of Statistics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—The Bureau of Statistics is preparing a tabular statement showing the actual effect on the tariff revenue of the bill proposed by the Ways and Means Committee. It is shown that under the original bill as first reported there would have been a falling off in tariff receipts of from \$6,000,000 to \$7,000,000 a year; but the bill has been changed, and the rates so modified that it is estimated the effect of the bill in the present shape will be a slight increase. The table is not near enough completion to show the exact result of the present bill, but considering the changes from the original bill, and the new articles on which the duty is imposed, the conclusion is that it will make a small increase over the present receipts.

**PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.**

Another Proposition for a Constitutional Amendment in Relation to the Presidency.

Washington, March 29.—The House Committee on the Electoral Count has agreed to report in favor of a constitutional amendment fixing the tenure of the Presidential office at six years, and declaring the President ineligible for re-election. The Committee also voted upon the proposition to abolish the Electoral College, and to substitute for it a proration of the popular vote, based upon the number of Senators and Representatives, with a view to secure minority representation. The proposition failed by a vote, but it is thought that an absent member of the Committee would favor this proposition.

**THE BELL-PUNCH.**

A General Movement for the Adoption of Moffet Liquor-Tax Bell-Punch.

NEW YORK, March 29.—In the Legislature at Albany there is a general movement for the adoption of the Moffet liquor-tax bell-punch in the cities of the State. The Assembly to-day adopted a resolution favoring the introduction of the punch in the State, and the Senate is also favorable to the system. A similar resolution was introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature to-day. Bills for the bell-punch are before the Ohio Legislature, and various cities West, East and South are agitating for its adoption.

**THE CALLOWS.**

Execution of Samuel Godwin, at Live Oak, Florida—Robert McEvoy has a Twenty Days' Respite.

JACKSONVILLE, March 29.—Samuel Godwin, (colored) was hanged at Live Oak, to-day, in the presence of 2,000 people, for the murder of a colored man last May. He died without a struggle.

AIKEN, S. C., March 29.—Robert McEvoy, who was to have been hung here to-day for the murder of Captain J. J. Gregg at Graniteville, on the 18th of April, 1876, was respited till the 12th of April prox., to allow time for repentance.

**SPECIE SHIPMENTS.**

Why so Much Coin is Sent to Europe—The Purchase of Bonds.

NEW YORK, March 29.—There is a report that \$1,400,000 of gold will be shipped to Europe to-morrow. This afternoon nearly that amount had been drawn from the Sub-Treasury for this purpose. L. Von Hoffman & Co. will export \$350,000, and the Bank of Montreal \$500,000. The object is said to be the purchase of United States Government bonds.

**WISCONSIN MATTERS.**

Sturgeon Bay Crooked Whisky—A Ten Thousand Dollar School House Burned at Lodi—A Couple of Small Fires at Oshkosh.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 29.—Nagler Bros., distillers at Sturgeon Bay, are on trial in the United States Court for alleged crookedness.

MADISON, Wis., March 29.—The large three-story brick school house, at Lodi in Columbia county, valued at \$10,000, was totally destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock this morning. The fire is supposed to have caught from a chimney. Insured for \$7000.

OSHKOSH, Wis., March 29.—Last night about 11 o'clock a fire broke out in Radford's lumber yard, and before it could be stopped consumed \$5,000 worth of lumber. It was insured as follows: London and Globe \$2,500; Lancashire, \$2,500; Scotch American, \$2,500.

While this fire was in progress another was discovered in John Moran's house, on Pearl street, which was consumed. The building was insured for \$1,200 in the North American Insurance Company. It is supposed the lumber was fired by a spark from a passing locomotive, but the Moran fire is not satisfactorily accounted for.

It is now rumored that Hayes' conciliatory policy will be applied to Theodore Tilton's household. A prominent member of Plymouth church is confident that negotiations are in progress whereby Mr. and Mrs. Tilton will live together again. The shattered home will be re-established, Tilton will stop his foolishness, and Mrs. Tilton will throw aside indiscretion.

**FRESH POINTS.**

A dull razor and a returned Californian are always well strapped.—New York Herald.

"Clergymen," remarks an exchange, "like railway breakmen, do a great deal of coupling."

It is asserted of a Philadelphian that he died "worn out by too severe mental effort in the study of how to live without work."

A Roman candle can be used to shoot a dog out from under a barn, but the barn should be located near an engine-house.—Detroit Free Press.

Governor McCreary, of Kentucky, who has been in office about two years, has rejected during that time 1,933 petitions of convicts for pardon.

An extraordinary birth recently occurred at Manchester, England, where the wife of a laborer produced a male child and seventeen days after, twin girls.

Miss Thompson, the Scotchwoman who lately shot her horse with gold, has been placed in the British asylum for the insane. She is the daughter of a former civil official in Danbury.

Beverly Douglas, of Virginia, who gets drunk and raises row in the House of Representatives, would be more truthful if he dropped the five letters of the last half of his name.—Buffalo Express.

They talk of the extraordinary conjugal happiness of those cremation Pitman, and yet the very last thing the woman indulged in was a retort. Then her husband corked her up forever.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

An Illinois woman has written to one of the Assistant Postmaster Generals to pick her out a good young man for a husband. He at once replied that it was not his business to sort the males, and she wasn't an Ohio woman, anyhow.

When the Pilgrim fathers arrived with the Mayflower, they took her to the village editor as being the first of the season. The editor returned thanks, and the custom of the Pilgrim fathers has been continued ever since.—Turner's Falls Reporter.

Vassar college is a sweet place. When the astronomical class plays billiards, the girls say, "Now, Louise, caramelo on the red pop corn ball." "There's a kiss on the white." Pocket Mary's marsh-mallow, Jennie." Then they will go up into the observatory and sing, "Treadle, treadle, little star."—Herald.

A newly married Danbury man went home the other evening and found his wife asleep on the lounge. He knelt beside her and devoured her with his loving eye. "John," she murmured in her sleep. "Yes, my pet, what is it?" he whispered, thrilled to his heart's depths by the calling of his name. "John" she again murmured "spare rib is only ten cents a pound." The thrill passed off.—Danbury News.

A Suggestion to the Travelling Public. Tourists, emigrants and partners and host-tetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicinal safeguard

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**NOTICE.**

**U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE SPECIAL TAXES.**

Under the Revised Statutes of the United States Sections 3332, 3337, 3338, and 3339, every person engaged in any business, vocation or employment, which renders him liable to a special tax, is required to procure and place and keep conspicuously in his establishment or place of business a stamp denoting the payment of said special tax for the special-tax year beginning May 1, 1878. Section 3345, Revised Statutes, declares that persons who are liable to special tax. A return, as prescribed on Form 11, is also required by law of every person liable to special tax above. Special provisions are prescribed for non-compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for continuing in business after April 30, 1878, without payment of tax. Application should be made to HENRY HANSEN, Collector of Internal Revenue, at Madison, or to A. H. MAIN, Deputy Collector, at Madison. 3344w

**TORRENT!**

Farm of 300 acres to rent. Would prefer cash \$2.35 for ploughed land alone, or \$3 for the whole. For further particulars address: WILLIAM K. CORTELLUO, Broadhead, Green County. 31w1w

**THE BEST IN THE MARKET is the**

**PACKARD ORGAN**

MANUFACTURED BY THE  
**FORT WAYNE ORGAN COMPANY,**  
 27w12w FORT WAYNE, IND.

**FOR SALE.**

**CHOICE FARMING LANDS!**

IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA, BY THE

Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company is now offering for sale, at very low prices, its land grant lands along the line of its railroad in South and Minnesota, and Eastern Dakota, suitably received in payment therefor, at par, any of the Mortgage Bonds of said company.

These lands lie in the great wheat belt of the northwest, in a climate unsurpassed for healthfulness, and in a country which is being rapidly settled by a thriving and enterprising people, composed to a large extent of farmers, from the eastern and the older portions of the northwestern States.

H. M. BURCHARD, Land Agent for sale of lands of said company, at MARSHALL, LYON COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

Geo. P. GOODWIN, Land Commissioner



*Journal of Management Education* 30(6)p. 789-804

**Wm. FRANKFURTH & CO.,**  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

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# SWORN EVIDENCE.

The following Cure is probably the most remarkable ever effected by any medical preparation for the treatment of Catarrh:

**Gentlemen.**—I hereby certify that I have had Catarrh for ten years, and for the last six years have been a terrible sufferer. I have been treated by all the best doctors, and have used every remedy known to medicine, but have not been able to get any relief. I have been so weak and debilitated, that I have been unable to do any kind of work, and have been obliged to live in bed. I have been so much afflicted, that I have been obliged to leave my home, and have been wandering about the country, seeking for relief. I have been so much afflicted, that I have been obliged to leave my home, and have been wandering about the country, seeking for relief. I have been so much afflicted, that I have been obliged to leave my home, and have been wandering about the country, seeking for relief.

**RECEIVED.** Feb. 23, 1878.  
I have personally appeared before the said George F. Dinsmore, and made oath that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

**Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Catarrh Cure, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, \$1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States, and by WELLS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.**

# COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

Affords the most grateful relief in all Affections of the Chest and Lungs. **CHRONIC PLEURISY CURED.**

**WELLS & POTTER, Gentlemen.**—Having for many months past suffered with a very bad case of Chronic Pleurisy, I have been treated by all the best doctors, and have used every remedy known to medicine, but have not been able to get any relief. I have been so weak and debilitated, that I have been unable to do any kind of work, and have been obliged to live in bed. I have been so much afflicted, that I have been obliged to leave my home, and have been wandering about the country, seeking for relief.

**PRICE, 25 CENTS.**  
Do not suppose these Plasters with the ordinary Plasters of the day, that by comparison are absolutely worthless.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, a combination of Electric and Voltaic Plaster, with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States, and by WELLS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

# PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

## Dr. Clara L. Normington

(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago,) respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.

**Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.**  
Office 10 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 5 p. m. 3-25dawly

## J. H. BALCH,

Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing Promptly Attended to  
At Archibald, Topinka & Santa Fe R. R. Co's  
Lands.

Office Postoffice Block, Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis. Up Stairs.  
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## E. D. ELDREDGE, O. H. FETHERS,

**LAWYERS,**

Smith & Jackson's Block.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Will practice in all the State and U. S. courts; buy and sell real estate; negotiate loans; and make collections. Correspondence invited.  
jan37dawly

## H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business entrusted to him care promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. O. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. 3-25dawly

## GEO. H. MCCAUSEY

**SURGEON DENTIST**

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee st., Janesville, Wis. feb27dawly

## Abstracts of Title

**A. E. MORSE,**

At the Office of Registrar of Deeds.

Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.  
jan37dawly

## Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,

**Dental Surgeon,**

Office in Smith & Jackson's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Amalgam and rubber plate work for the painless extraction of teeth. 3-25dawly

## Cassoday & Carpenter.

**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW**

333a, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lappin's block, JANESVILLE, WIS.

## M. M. PHELPS,

**Attorney-at-Law.**

Collections made, loans negotiated mortgages collected. Office, Lappin's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets. jan37dawly

## Notice to Stockholders

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Harris Manufacturing Company, will be held at the office of said company, April 1st, 1878, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year.

3-25dawly  
A. H. SHELDON, Secy.

## FORECLOSURE BLANKS!

Printed and For Sale by  
GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1878.

# FARM NOTES.

The best farmer is the farmer who cultivates himself.

A firm in Council Bluffs sold \$25,000 worth of agricultural implements during February.

Lynchburg, Va., has nearly one hundred tobacco factories, giving not less than five thousand persons employment.

Separate your calves or yearlings from the herd of cattle, and give them an extra feed from this to grass.

There are more than 150 named varieties of wheat, but in many cases the distinctions between them are very slight.

It is estimated that 12,000,000 acres of forest have been cut down in the United States in ten years past.

Mr. H. M. Krouse, of Montrose, Iowa, will graft this season 200,000 apple, 15,000 cherry and 10,000 plum trees.

A Mr. Higgins owns and pays taxes on 187,291 acres of land, covering over 292 square miles in Kern Co., Cal.

The annual production of butter in the United States is estimated at \$150,000,000; that of cheese at \$80,000,000. The production of butter in France in 1876 was estimated at \$18,000,000 as its cash value.

Cranberry growing as a business has eclipsed the fishing and whaling interests of Cape Cod, Mass. The berries are said to be very large and highly colored. The foreign demand for them is constantly increasing.

Sprigs of tansy mixed with hay or broken up with oats are recommended to cure bots in horses. Should the horse decline to eat the herb it may be forced to drink the tea made from it.

The female canker-worm ascends apple trees early in the spring—frequently in warm days in March—to lay her eggs. Look out for her.

It is estimated that 400,000 acres of new ground will be broken and cultivated in northern Minnesota during the ensuing season.

The general average price of sheep in North Carolina is put at \$1.75—lower than any other State in the Union. The average in Rhode Island is \$1.75. In Illinois, \$3.00; Kentucky, 3.15.

More than 5,000,000 cans of corn are now packed in Maine annually and sold in every part of the world, yielding a business to the State of about \$1,150,000, and giving profitable employment to from 5,000 to 10,000 people during the packing season.

The largest plow ever manufactured has just been turned out of a factory at Stockton, Cal. The mold board is eight feet long, and the furrow which is cut is thirty-five inches wide. It is designed to work upon the tule lands, and requires twelve oxen to pull it.

A gentleman who has traveled very extensively over the West, states that Dakota has the finest soil to be found in the entire country.

It is said that a filthy man, with filthy hands, milking a filthy cow, in a filthy corral, into a filthy pail, and setting the milk in one corner of a hot, filthy kitchen, is the perfection of filth in butter-making; and that the product will be anything but "glittering."

This is the time when unthrifty farmers save ten cents by refusing to invest in a paper of tomato seed, because times are so hard and money scarce, and when the country peddler comes around at the end of the summer it will take the price of an acre of wheat to pay him for what might have been raised on a dozen steps square. Such economy is the road to poverty and beggary.

# Early Sowing of Grain.

**EDS. COUNTRY GENTLEMEN.**—I believe I have urged this matter before, but it will bear repetition as long as new men enter the business of cultivating the soil. When I was somewhat younger, all plowing was done in the spring, consequently sowing was necessarily late on some farms, but for many years all our heavy lands are plowed in the fall, and wide-awake farmers sow as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Late sowing grain almost invariably rusts it on low land, and blights more or less on high lands. Of course this is not always the case, but so generally. Oats and spring wheat both require cool moist soil and air when filling, to produce maximum yields. This no one will deny. Both will endure almost any amount of cold and wet when first sown without injury; and if by early sowing we can grow the crop before the hot drouth or the dry weather of dog days comes, we can be reasonably sure of good crops. I have had the reputation of growing much better crops of wheat, and especially oats, than my neighbors, and it is owing in nearly every instance to sowing a week or ten days sooner. If land is fall plowed as soon as the frost is out, sufficient to harrow, and the ground dry enough to walk over without loading the feet, sow the grain even though it snow the next day. I have sowed and then used sleighs a week after sowing. Now (March 11th) the land is fast drying and I expect, by the 15, to sow wheat, oats, and seed down with clover and timothy. It will be colder, perhaps snow by and by, but still I shall sow my grain if I can.

For potatoes, the same rule was applied in the past, but since the bugs have come, some are disposed to plant late and escape one crop of bugs. Corn is a crop which requires a condition of things the reverse of oats and wheat. In the first place it will not germinate until the soil is thoroughly drained of cold snow water, and has arrived to a certain degree of warmth, well known to all experienced farmers. When growing, it needs and must have hot weather; the hotter the better, if a proportionate amount of moisture is present. Consequently we ought to take advantage of the season as far as possible, in putting in our crops. I never hurry corn planting before June 5th, and have raised as good corn as I ever grew, planted June 13th. One year I suffered a partial loss, but as a rule, I do not plant before June. My corn gets ripe as soon as anybody's; it grows quicker and is less troubled with weeds, if plowed late, a good sward, well manured, being turned under, and planted immediately.

D. S. B.

# Setting Milk for Cream.

An exchange remarks: "It is not to be wondered at that the average dairymen is puzzled to know what to do for the best. Prof. Wilkinson tells him plainly that nothing but shallow pans and subearth ducts will do; while Prof. Hardin is equally certain deep pans (twenty inches) sunk to the rim in water, at a temperature of 50 degrees, alone insure the largest yield of the best quality of butter; and now both of these are overtopped by the new Cooley system, which proposes to inclose the milk in a deep, narrow can with a water-tight lid, sink it under water, which is carefully kept at a low temperature by the use of ice. Our own experiments satisfy us that both extremes are right provided certain rules are observed. At a temperature above 60 degrees deep cans will not do; the milk will usually sour before the cream reaches the surface. When this temperature is unavoidable, shallow and pans will give the best results. When cold water is abundant and the means of keeping it at 50 degrees or lower are at hand, it will be found that cans twenty inches deep and eight or nine in diameter will save much labor, and at the same time make quite as much and better butter."—*Journal of Chemistry.*

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# VEGETINE.

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE  
Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

# Reliable Evidence

**VEGETINE.** Mr. H. H. STEVENS.  
Dear Sir:—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number of your great and good medicine.

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## BRIEFLETS.

—Snow.  
—How are the roads?  
—Take a rest to-morrow.  
—Last day of March and fourth Sunday in Lent to-morrow.  
—The tramps are now few and far between. Too bad walking.  
—The Camilla Uro troupe will be here April 9. Dot the date down.  
—Plenty of wedding garments being made ready to be donned after Lent.  
—Mrs. C. B. Conrad and Mrs. J. P. Williams will sing in the Court Street church to-morrow.  
—The Webster mare was found yesterday out on the prairie, and restored in safety to the owner.  
—If a young man wants to quit his wild ways, and settle down in life, let him commence by settling up.  
—The postoffice issued during the last week 119 money orders calling for \$1,489.72 and paid 97 amounting to \$1,568.83, making a total cash handled, \$3,058.55.  
—Peck's Milwaukee Sun says: "Robbins is one of the greatest men that was ever in the circus business, and in time he will rival with Barnum as a successful manager."

—The Aldermen who strove to turn the Council into a donation party, instead of helping their friends out of their own pockets, will find it hard work to get ballots next Tuesday.

—Let every one who is in favor of a straightforward municipal government, next year, arm himself with a Republican ticket and march up to the polls like a little man, next Tuesday.

—There is nothing about the cow question that should make a voter or a candidate cow-ardly. Let the bovine have a chance at the polls to see whether the people will elect the cow at large.

—The subject of Mr. Simmons' lecture this evening will be "Distances, Sizes and Weights of the Heavenly Bodies," including an explanation of gravitation, and closing with various telescopic views of lunar scenery.

—There are a good many who will be fooled next Monday, but still more who will be fooled next Tuesday, if they expect that the Democracy will get any chance to crowd with joy. They might as well coop up their rooster now.

—Mr. J. W. Adams, assistant agent of the Camilla Uro Concert Company, is in the city, and called of course at the Gazette's sanctum. He reports business as good and houses well filled, as for instance at Detroit where the receipts were \$990.

—Tickets for the coming Camilla Uro concert will be placed on sale at Moseley's next Monday morning. A new plan is to be adopted, the reserved seats in the dress circle being placed at seventy-five cents and in the parquet at fifty cents.

—The proprietor of the Arcade is in trouble. Grace DeLair, one of the sisters, "who swing through the air with the greatest ease, the painted young girls on the flying trapeze," has attached the chairs, bar fixtures &c., for the small amount of \$38, which Grace claims that Jones owes her on a contract.

—Kemmett and Forrestall, the young men charged with stealing Campbell's gold tickers, have been discharged from custody, there being no evidence showing that they were the ones who took it, although they were with him that night. The whole party were so drunk that any one else could have easily taken the watch without their noticing its departure.

—Next Monday afternoon Rev. W. J. Erdman, of Chicago, will begin a series of Bible readings at the Presbyterian church, there being two exercises, one at 3:30 o'clock and again at 7:45 in the evening. Rev. Mr. Erdman is deemed one of the best Bible students in the country, and has had most remarkable success in those readings, as well as in his other work.

—Z. Custer, the sad sad-iron man, who was charged with fraudulently obtaining a considerable amount of money and property from Z. Curtis, has waived further examination, and given bail for his appearance before the Circuit Court for trial. It is understood that Custer has made such restitution as is in his power, and the case will probably not be pushed to the full extent.

—The Bower City Band's annual concert will take place at the Opera house next Wednesday evening. The programme as arranged presents many attractions, and will doubtless draw a large crowd. The tickets are meeting with a rapid sale now, and everything seems to indicate that the affair will be in all respects successful. Reserved seats can be secured at any time without extra charge. Step up and check them off.

—Mr. G. M. Hanchett, the popular hardware man, is preparing to do a larger business than ever, and has filled up with a large stock of all kinds of hardware, wagon-makers' stock, and house furnishing goods, that he is offering at popular prices. Anyone contemplating any purchases in that line should call upon him, as it don't cost a cent to examine his goods and get his prices, before making a purchase. He is bound to sell goods as low as anyone.

## THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 35 degrees above and at 2 o'clock at 36 degrees above. About 11 o'clock a. m. snow commenced falling. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 84 and 44 above. The indications to-day are clear weather, followed by increasing cloudiness and north-easterly veering to easterly winds, and station-ary followed by falling barometer.

## WALKING AGAINST TIME.

Miss Exilda Lachapelle will undertake the feat of feet, of walking 100 miles in 24 hours. She will commence her tramp at Lappin's hall next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock and will finish Wednesday evening. She lately completed, at Brodhead, a walk of 97 miles in 23 hours and 4 minutes which is considered the best time on record by a female pedestrian. She is but 19 years old and of medium size, and has been

in this country about eight months, having come from Paris, whither she will return in time to walk at the Exposition. The other day she was in Janesville with her brother making arrangements for the walk announced. About 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon she asked her brother to take a walk with her just for exercise. She started toward Brodhead on the railroad track, and dragged that poor brother along, over the ties, until they reached that town in less than four hours, the distance being about twenty miles. The brother was badly fatigued but she was fresh as a rose.

## ELECTION AT THE TEMPLE.

The Crystal Temple of Honor held an important meeting last night, it being for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. Hitherto these elections have been semi-annual. The following were chosen:

C. T.—B. F. Cressett.  
V. T.—James S. Clark.  
R.—M. A. Norris.  
A. R.—Fred W. Holden.  
F. R.—J. D. King.  
T.—D. C. Ward.  
U.—James S. Haggart.  
D. U.—Jno. E. McDonald.  
G.—R. M. Matheson.  
S.—Levi Cannon.

The installation will not take place for some weeks. Another member was added to the roll last night by initiation. The order seems to be flourishing, and is steadily increasing in numbers.

## EIGHT WOLVES KILLED.

Mr. L. S. Williams, of Newark was plowing in his field last Thursday when his dog came running toward him chased by a large wolf. His wolfship, on seeing Mr. Williams, retreated and the dog followed, only to be driven back again. Mr. Williams hurriedly got his gun and when Mr. Wolf charged again, he emptied a volley of buckshot at him, and the wolf started on a lively retreat, yelping as though wounded. Chase was given, and during the run Mr. Williams' attention was called to a chorus of whining yelps proceeding from a hole where were discovered seven juvenile wolves, whom he speedily dispatched. The head of the family was found dead a short distance away, making eight in all. To-day Mr. Williams brought in the skulls and drew from the County Treasury \$100, being \$30 for each, in accordance with the bounty offered in such cases. The wolves were killed only about thirty rods inside of the State line, so that had they traveled a little further South, their capture would have been in Illinois, and Mr. Williams would have been unable to secure his bounty.

## TWO UNLUCKY COBBLERS.

There was a lively matinee at the shoe factory yesterday afternoon, the chief actors being James Hagarty, and Frank McKelvey, two of the employees. It appears that they went out yesterday morning for a general "hurry," and after they had filled up with enough gin to make them feel that they owned three or four shoe factories themselves, they went down to the shop, and commenced pulling over the tools and materials, with an evident intention of raising a row. Proceeding to the office they demanded their pay. Being informed that Saturday was pay-day and that they would get their money when they came around sober, they became very wrathful. Mr. Wm. A. Lawrence ordered them out, and the row increased until J. B. Lord and Mr. G. B. Hawes joined in and the two were summarily bounced down the steps and in to the street. A warrant was secured and the two fellows afterwards arrested. This morning they were brought up before Justice Patten. Hagarty, who lives in this city was fined \$15. McKelvey was let off with \$10. Being unable to pay cash down they were taken back to jail and locked up.

## "AULD SCOTIA."

The entertainment given at the Opera house last night by Messrs. S. H. Rhys and J. C. Alden Jr., was not largely attended. It was decidedly out of the ordinary run of entertainments, the evening being devoted to melodies and songs of "Auld Scotia." Mr. Rhys singing the same and Mr. Alden presiding at the piano. Each song was preceded by a few explanatory remarks, which added to the interest of the occasion and served to break the monotony somewhat. Mr. Rhys has a sweet voice, of not much power however, and as a speaker also makes a very favorable impression. Mr. Alden presides at the piano with grace, and is far better than the usual run of pianists. There was much in the entertainment which was truly enjoyable, but the chief objection to it was the sameness which necessarily caused it to drag a little, especially to those who are not more or less familiar with the Scottish dialect. The gentlemen did themselves credit, and it is to be hoped that they will be liberally patronized at other cities which they will visit.

The Opera house was in an uncomfortable state of frigidity, and it was like rowing up stream for the gentlemen to keep up a cheerful feeling among the chilly shivering ones who occupied the seats. Mr. Rhys in vain called for more caloric and the audience shouted in vain for "Pete" to fire up. Mr. Rhys made the startling announcement that the North Pole had been discovered—it was there on the stage, but all to no effect. Some of the audience bundled their throats up and put on their mittens, and shivered through the entertainment, and this morning are busily investing in cough cordials and troches. Some of the more prudent ones however walked out and went homeward to thaw out more serious results should follow.

## AMONG THE PIOUS ONES.

—Rev. Mr. Sanderson will preach at the Presbyterian church to-morrow morning on "Can two walk together, except they be agreed?" The sacrament will follow the morning service. Evening subject, "The marvelous things in the law." Young people's meeting at six o'clock p. m. "Scripture gems." Sabbath school at 12:10 p. m. All invited cordially.

—Rev. H. M. Simmons will preach at All Souls church in the morning on "The origin of the prophetic books of the bible."

In the evening he will lecture on "The planets' comets and meteors." Dime admission to the lecture.

—Rev. W. S. Roberts will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow morning on "The Observance of the Sabbath," and in the evening on "Christianity and War."

—At Christ church Rev. A. L. Royce will preach in the morning on "The Requirements of God." Rev. Mr. Wallace will officiate in the evening.

—At Court Street Methodist church Rev. L. N. Wheeler, will preach in the morning on "Faith in God," and in the evening: "Our Father's House."

—Rev. Mr. Dunn, of Milton, will occupy the pulpit of the First Methodist church both morning and evening.  
—The Young Men's Christian Association meet to-morrow afternoon at half-past 3 o'clock in their room.

—At the First Congregational church on Sunday morning, Rev. Mr. Sawin will take for his theme "The Tendency of Sin." In the evening he will give the next lecture in course. Subject, "The Correlation of God and Man in Moral Government." A cordial invitation given to all.  
—Court Street M. E. Church.—Corner of Main and Court Streets. Rev. L. N. Wheeler, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.  
—Methodist Episcopal Church.—Corner of Jackson and Center streets. Rev. T. W. Clinton, Pastor. (Residence, corner of Terrace and Bluff sts.) Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday school at 12 M. Prayer-meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

—Christ Church.—On Court street. Rev. A. L. Royce, Rector. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.  
—St. Patrick's Church.—Corner of Holmes and Cherry streets. Rev. James M. Doyle, Pastor. Services at 8:00 A. M., 10:30 A. M. and Vespers at 3:00 P. M.

—Trinity Church.—Corner of Jackson and Bluff streets. Rev. George Wallace, Rector. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.  
—Presbyterian Church.—On Jackson street. Rev. J. W. Sanderson, Pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

—Baptist Church.—Corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Rev. W. S. Roberts, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer-meetings on Thursday evenings at 7:00 o'clock.

—St. Mary's Church.—Corner of W. Wisconsin and North First streets. Rev. J. W. McNichol, Pastor. Services at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Sunday School at 12:30 p. m. Vespers at 6:30 p. m.

—All Souls Church.—Corner of Court and Bluff streets. Rev. J. L. Jones, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12:15 p. m.

—Congregational Church.—Corner of Jackson and Dodge streets. Rev. T. P. Sawyer, Pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Y. M. C. A.—Meeting 9 o'clock every morning except Sabbath. 7:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. evening. 3:30 Sabbath afternoon. All are welcome.

## COW BUSINESS.

To the Citizens of the Corporation:  
How many of you will come out this evening at half past seven sharp, and will pay two cents each to pay for printing votes to exclude all animals and fowls from running at large within our city limits? All that will do so may call at the Council room at the time stated above and I will see that the votes are printed and distributed.

JANESVILLE, March 30.

## Discovered.

Dr. Price, by a new process extracts the subtle flavor from every delicious fruit and aromatic. In his Flavoring Extracts, the characteristic taste and freshness of the real fruit is preserved. Ladies that wish something superior in the way of flavoring extracts, should purchase Dr. Price's.

## CITY NOTICES.

—Croft & Shearer, 43 West Milwaukee street, keeps the largest assortment of paint, whitewash, and artists' brushes in the city, also the largest stock of white lead, zinc, ground colors in oil, mixed paints, oils, turpentine and varnish and all kinds of painters' material. Call and examine for yourselves.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the nicest and cheapest Box and Stair Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No 29 Main street.

To an already well established reputation, are constantly added the warmest prices of travelers who have enjoyed the hospitalities of the Grand Central hotel, New York.

With increasing cold weather comes those dread ful Coughs and Colds, which are so easily and effectually cured with Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup. It is always warranted to give satisfaction. Price only 25 cents. Sold by E. B. Helmetstreet.

For cleaning jewelry and small articles of plate, etc., Liquid Brilliant is confidently recommended. Sold by H. C. Stearns, Croft & Shearer, A. J. Roberts.

Nothing like Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup. It cures the worst cases of Coughs and Colds promptly and effectually. Price only 25 cents a bottle. Sold by E. B. Helmetstreet.

Dunbar's Wonderful Discovery.—Bethesda Water, the acknowledged cure of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Affections of all natures and kinds, Dropsy, Incontinence of Urine, Bilious Affections, Dyspepsia and Gouty Swellings. E. B. HELMETSTREET.

Sole Agent for this City.

For families visiting Philadelphia, no more cosy, homelike quarters, combined with excellent service, unexceptional prices, moderate prices can be found than at the Colonnade hotel, on Chestnut street.

## A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. ISHAM, Station D, Bible House New York City.

## For Sale or to Rent.

The two story brick dwelling house of William Jarvis, very desirably located in the First ward near the corner of Jackson street and Mineral Point avenue. This house is being put in complete repair throughout, there are two lots, a good barn, two cisterns, grapes, apples, cherries, and other fruits, and is in all respects a very desirable place. Enquire of

DIMOCK & HAYNER,

Insurance and Real Estate Agts.

## A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases. It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption, Hemorrhages, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the throat, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, etc., who have no personal knowledge of Bosche's German Syrup. To all such we would say that 30,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all druggists in America.

## Our Changeable Climate.

Makes a reliable remedy for Throat and Lung Disorders necessary in every household. Parker's Ginger Tonic is just the medicine needed. It radically cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and even Consumption. It is used in the most powerful action on the Stomach, Kidneys, Liver, and mucous surfaces of the Throat and Lungs. In this natural way it

cleanses the waste matters from the blood, builds up the tissues, fortifies the system against further attacks, and permanently restores the organs of the Throat, Lungs, and other organs. It cures Dyspepsia, and its varied symptoms of Headache, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Wakefulness, Acid Stomach, Costiveness, Liver Complaints, Coated Tongue, Low Spirits, Rheumatic Pains, etc., and gives comfort after a hearty meal. Buy a \$1.00 bottle from your druggist, A. J. Roberts, Janesville, Wis., or a sample bottle at 15 cts., and test its extraordinary merits. Janesville-22wootwapt

## COMMERCIAL.

## JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY BUMP & GRAY GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, March 27

Flour—Patent \$3.00 per sack; Minnesota \$1.50 per sack; Wisconsin \$1.50 per sack.  
Buckwheat Flour 3 50 per 100 lbs.  
Rye Flour—\$2.00 per 100 lbs.

Wheat—Good to best milling spring 1 02 1/2 05 shipping grades 85 3/4  
Buckwheat dull 40 50 cts according to quality and condition.

Rye—in good request at 49 50 cts  
Barley—for good to strictly choice samples 35 3/4 cts; common to good quality 35 3/4 cts  
Corn—Shelled per 50 lbs. 30 3/4 cts, new do 36 1/2 cts; new ear 35 3/4 cts for 75 lbs

Oats—good local and shipping demand at 22 3/4 cts for white; 20 3/4 cts for mixed  
Beans—dull at 1 00 1/2 10 per bushel.  
Bran—60 cts per 100; \$1.00 per ton; Buckwheat per ton \$7.00

Meal—coarse, 80 cts per 100; bolted \$3.00 per 100  
MIDDLINGS—50 1/2 100 lbs. Ton \$30  
Ground Feed—\$0.100 per 100 lbs. Ton \$30  
Timothy Seed—70 1/2 100 for 45 lbs according to quality

Clover Seed—dull at 35 50 3/4 90 per bushel  
Potatoes—Peach Blows, 30 3/4 cts per bushel other varieties 30 3/4 cts  
Butter—scarce at 16 3/4 cts  
Eggs—plenty at 8 cts do.

Hides—Green, 50 60 cts; salted 10 cts; Dry, 12 3/4 14  
Wool ranges at 32 3/4 cts; 1/4 of unmerchantable  
SHEEP FLEES—Range at 50 1/2 100 each.  
Dressed Hogs—to butchers at 3 50 3/4 90 per 100 lbs for light and heavy.

Lard—Brook—Cattle \$3.00 3/4 75 100 lbs; Hogs 3 00 3/4 25 per 100 lbs  
Poultry—Turkeys 60 70 cts; Chickens 50 60 cts

## Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, March 29

Flour—Quiet  
Wheat—Excited; opened 95 cts higher, and closed strong; No 1 Milwaukee hard 1 19 1/4; No 1 Milwaukee 1 17 1/4; No 2 do 1 14; March 1 14; April 1 14; May 1 15 1/4; No 3 Milwaukee 1 05 1/2 10

CORN—No 2 42 cts.  
OATS—No 2 35 cts.  
RYE—No 1 50 cts.  
BARLEY—No 2 spring 56 cts  
PORK—meas 9 50 cash  
LARD—prime steam 7 25; Kettle 7 50

CATTLE—Range at 2 50 to 5 00, according to quality and weight.  
DRESSED HOGS—3 50  
SHEEP—Range at 2 00 to 3 00 according to condition and weight.

SEEDS—Timothy 1 05 1/2 15; clover 1 36 1/2 30; clover 3 90 1/2 20  
BEANS—1 20 1/2 20  
BUTTER—Range from 10 to 22 cts.  
EGGS—10 1/2 cts fresh.

CHEESE—12 1/2 cts  
HONEY—22 1/2 cts  
WOOL—Washed 35 3/4 cts; unwashed 32 3/4 cts; tub washed 36 3/4 cts; pulled 36 3/4 cts.  
TALLOW—7 1/4 cts.  
HOPS—New 5 1/2 cts, old 4 1/2 cts

## Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 29

The afternoon markets were largely attended, and trading was decidedly more active than usual, there being a good deal of excitement over the European news. London and Liverpool telegrams reported active markets and a further advance in prices, and this intelligence helped to bring about another upward movement in wheat, corn and meat pork.

Wheat.—The market on spring wheat.—This market was again the center of interest to-day. The excitement developed on yesterday afternoon, by the warlike tone of the European news, was continued, and as the reports were even more threatening of an early outbreak between England and Russia, and were supported by a decline in English consols, a substantial advance in breadstuffs in Liverpool, and a further shrinkage in stocks on the London exchange, the bulls found no trouble in controlling the movement.

Prices fluctuated widely, yet the tendency was upward, and the advance established was quite liberal, amounting to 4 1/2 cts on the closing quotations of yesterday evening. Our receipts are still light, and the shipments are maintained at a good figure. Cash wheat closed at 1 13 1/4 for gilt edge and 1 10 1/4 for regular receipts.

The latest report on No 2 spring wheat was active in speculative demand at higher prices, seller May selling at 1 13 1/4 1 14 1/4, and closing at 1 14 1/4 1 14 1/4; seller April was 1 10 1/4 under May.

CORN—22 1/2 cts cash;  
OATS—30 cts cash;  
RYE—No 2, 57 1/2 cts  
BARLEY—New No 2, 46 cts  
PORK—cash \$9.45 3/4  
LARD—cash 7 1/4 3/4 75  
DRESSED HOGS—\$3.50  
LIVE HOGS—3 40 3/4 90 according to grade.

WHEAT—1 08  
CHEESE—12 1/2 cts  
EGGS—From 12 1/2 cts  
BUTTER—12 1/2 cts, according to quality  
POULTRY—turkeys 50 cts; chickens at 2 25 3/4 per dozen.

TALLOW—5 1/2 No 1  
BEANS—\$1.00 3/4  
BROOM CORN—6 1/4 7 cts, according to quality  
WOOL—Washed 40 3/4 cts; unwashed 32 3/4 cts; tub washed, fair to good, 37 1/4 cts

## New York Grain and Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 29

Flour—Market excited; the general average advance was 10 1/2 cts on all grades, closing very strong with a further demand for export and home use, based on war news and excitement in the wheat market; rye flour in good demand at improved prices; 3 00 1/2 10 for state superfine; 3 25 3/4 20 for western and Pennsylvania

Wheat.—Opened excited, and 2 1/2 cts higher on war news, with English shippers and speculators bidding in competition; sellers were afraid to offer, and hence buyers and sellers were too far apart at first call to trade, except on No 3 spring for April, of which 8,000 bu sold in store at 1 37 for cash; do bid at 1 27; offered at 1 30; northwest state cash bid at 1 30, held at 1 30. On Change a few sales early at 1 27 for 24,000 bu No 3 Milwaukee; 1 31 1/2 35 for small lots No 1. At the last call March spring sold at 1 28 1/2 1 29 for 16,000 bu to cover shorts; this seemed to revive the hesitation of shippers, and the market wound up active on spring at 1 c further advance on No 3, closing steady at the latest prices.

COTTON—Memphis quotation 10 1/4  
CORN—54 cts western;  
OATS—22 3/4 cts; 30 1/2 30 white western  
RYE—western 71 1/4 73  
BARLEY—69 1/2 cts  
PORK—10 00 1/2 10 mess  
LARD—7 1/4 cts

WHISKY—1 07  
SUGAR—Arm but quiet; refined 20 3/4 cts  
MOLASSES—New Orleans 22 1/2 cts  
PETROLEUM—7 crude; refined 11 1/4 cts

LEATHER—Arm  
WOOL—domestic, fleece 32 3/4 cts; pulled 18 1/4 cts; Texas 14 3/4 cts; unwashed 10 3/4 cts  
COFFEE—Rio 15 1/2 cts 15 1/2 cts gold; jobbing 15 1/2 cts gold.

TALLOW—Firm; 7 1/4 cts  
CHEESE—12 1/2 cts  
BUTTER—Western 22 3/4 cts  
EGGS—Western 22 1/2 cts  
TURPENTINE—37 1/2 cts  
NAPHTHA—34 cts  
ROCKS—Western 60 cts  
SHEEP—Western 3 cts  
RICE—5 1/2 cts

## New York Monetary Market.

NEW YORK, March 29

Money: 3 1/4 cts per cent  
Sterling exchange 4 1/2 long; 4 1/2 short  
Gold 101 1/4  
Silver 91 1/2 cts discount  
Government securities  
State bonds steady  
Stocks higher

## AMUSEMENTS.

## LAPPIN'S HALL.

TUESDAY EVEN'G, APRIL 2, '78

Engagement of

EXILDA LACHAPELLE

The Champion

French Lady Pedestrian

Who will walk

100 Miles in 24 Hours!

MISS LACHAPELLE will start at Eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, and conclude on Wednesday evening, thus giving all an opportunity to see her.

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.

Admission, 10 cents; Season Tickets, 25 cents. Tickets on Sale at Moseley's.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

MISS LACHAPELLE will start at Eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, and conclude on Wednesday evening, thus giving all an opportunity to see her.

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.

Admission, 10 cents; Season Tickets, 25 cents. Tickets on Sale at Moseley's.

## HATS

Handling large quantities of these goods, at a trifling expense --in connection with our Clothing--we are enabled to sell at much lower prices than exclusive Hat Stores, hence their ill-success in Janesville.

Our Spring Stock, which is now ready for inspection, comprises all shapes and qualities in SOFT HATS, from the very cheapest to the best of Stetson's Goods. We have 8 new styles of STIFF HATS, including the Spring Shape in SILK, which we are prepared to furnish to measure.

McKEY & BRO.

24 and 26 Main street, Janesville, Wis.

Sign of the Golden Sheep.

## SHIRTS!

We are the exclusive agents of the "WILSON" SHIRT, which for style, quality and fit has no competitor, being worn by three-fourths of the fine trade in the West, who will have no other. Full lines of these goods kept in stock and furnished to measure at a slight additional cost. We will sell 3 nicely laundered Shirts for \$2.50, finished and all ready to wear. 50 Different patterns in FANCY COLORED SHIRTS.

You can save TIME and EXPENSE, when desirous of anything in the HAT, CAP, or FURNISHING LINE by calling on

M. C. SMITH & SON.

Hatters, Furnishers, Clothiers and Tailors.

## RUBBER

Boots, Dress Shields, Belting, Packing, Shoes, Glove Cleaners, Horse, Calf Pins, Tubs, Cloaks, Shawl Pins, Bedding, Pants, Sleeve Buttons, Pillow, Leggings, Vest Chains, Cushions, Hats, Guard Chains, Bags, Caps, Ear Rings, Pencils, Blankets, Neck Rings, Penholders, Mittens, Lockets, Rulers, Diapers, Bracelets, Thimbles, Inkstands